Fair Political Practices Commission

Memorandum

To: Chairman Randolph, Commissioners Blair, Downey, Huguenin, and Remy

From: Whitney Barazoto, Legislative and Communications Coordinator

Chris Espinosa, Executive Fellow Mark Krausse, Executive Director

Subject: Legislative Report

Date: March 1, 2006

The deadline for bill introductions was February 24, 2006. Summaries of newly introduced bills are listed first under "Informational Items," except for new bills on which staff is requesting Commission action this month, which are listed under "Action Items." Individual analyses on some of the remaining bills will be provided at upcoming Commission meetings.

ACTION ITEMS

Bills Amending the Political Reform Act					
Bill No.	Author	Title	Introduced/Amended		

AB 1391 Leno Campaign disclosure: general purpose committees A-08/18/05

This bill clarifies whether a general purpose committee is a state, county or city general purpose committee. Recent amendments add additional layers of Statement of Economic Interests income disclosure to include categories from \$100,000 to \$2 million. These amendments also expand upon an existing prohibition against personal use of campaign funds.

Status: Passed Assembly, now in Senate Elections Committee

Recommended Position: Continue to sponsor section 2, and support section 1.

AB 2776 Plescia Political Reform Act of 1974: disclosures

I-02/24/2006

This bill would allow radio advertisements for ballot measures to disclose contributor information by a recording accessible by toll-free telephone call instead of by the current requirement that the disclosure be spoken at the end of the ad.

Status: Introduced in Assembly Recommended Position: Oppose

INFORMATIONAL ITEMS

			New Bills	
Bill No.	Author	Title		Introduced/Amended

AB 1568 Torrico County employees: retirement boards

A-02/23/2006

This bill prohibits a member or employee of a retirement board, established pursuant to the County Employees Retirement Law of 1937, from selling or providing any investment product to the retirement system. It requires these boards to provide ethics trainings to all members if the board provides

compensation, salary, stipend, or expense reimbursement to the members. If curricula are developed by the board, then it must consult with the Fair Political Practices Commission and the Attorney General regarding the sufficiency and accuracy of the proposed content. (This consultation provision is similar to that in AB 1234, which was chaptered in 2005. See "Chaptered Bills" section below.)

Status: Introduced in Assembly

Position: None taken

AB 2112 Karnette Political Reform Act of 1974: civil actions I-02/17/2006

This Commission-sponsored bill would reduce the number of 120-day demands that may be filed by an individual or group to 10 within any previous 12-month period and specify that a civil action by the individual or group is prohibited if the Commission issues an administrative order or publishes a declaration of no violation. It would require that the individual or group notify the respondent when a demand is made. The bill would also require that a court consider Commission rules and regulations in determining a judgment amount in cases brought under the civil action provisions.

Status: Introduced in Assembly

Position: Sponsor

AB 2219 Torrico Political Reform Act of 1974

I-02/22/2006

This bill would require all committee accounts regulated by the Political Reform Act to collect the interest accrued by these accounts and pay the collected amount to the State Treasury for appropriation to the Commission. These appropriated funds would be in addition to appropriations already specified in the Act for the Commission and could be expended only to carry out the parts of the Act that regulate electoral and campaign processes relating to ballot propositions.

Status: Introduced in Assembly

Position: None taken

AB 2269 Hancock Statewide initiative measures

I-02/22/2006

This bill would establish a process for amending a qualified initiative measure and require that a notice be placed at the top of each statewide ballot initiative petition to state that the proponent may amend the measure at a later time. The bill also requires the Attorney General to identify and place notice on measures that conflict with each other, and it requires the Secretary of State to group these measures together in the same part of the ballot.

Status: Introduced in Assembly

Position: None taken

AB 2275 Umberg Campaign expenditure disclosures

I-02/22/2006

This bill deletes all references to the Department of Information Technology found within the provisions specifying the process for establishing online and electronic disclosure systems. (Spot bill.)

Status: Introduced in Assembly

Position: None taken

AB 2363 Nation Political Reform Act of 1974: campaign statements I-02/23/2006

Existing law requires that campaign statements be filed with the Secretary of State in the form of an original and one copy of the statement. This bill would eliminate the "and one copy" requirement. This will be the vehicle for the Secretary of State to implement its Task Force recommendations.

Status: Introduce in Assembly

Position: None taken

AB 2432 Montanez Public officials: financial reporting duties

I-02/23/2006

This bill would add additional layers of Statement of Economic Interests disclosure categories for reporting income and investments or interests in real property. The new categories range from \$50,000 to \$10 million or more.

Status: Introduced in Assembly

Position: None taken

AB 2574 Nunez Fair Political Practices Commission: report I-02/23/2006

This bill would require the Commission to review the lobbying provisions of the Political Reform Act and make recommendations to the Assembly and Senate Elections Committees by December 31, 2007, as to whether changes should be made to those provisions to better serve the purposes of the Act.

Status: Introduced in Assembly

Position: None taken

AB 2627 Karnette Political Reform Act of 1974: conflict of interest code I-02/24/2006

This bill would designate the county board of education instead of the county board of supervisors as the conflict of interest code reviewing body for a school district in a multi-district county, a community college district, a county office of education, or a school-related joint powers authority located wholly within a single county. It would also designate the Superintendent of Public Instruction as the code reviewing body for a county board of education, a county office of education of a county with only a single school district, or a school district of a county with only a single school district.

Status: Introduced in Assembly

Position: None taken

AB 2688 McCarthy Political Reform Act of 1974: committees

I-02/24/2006

This bill makes technical, nonsubstantive changes to the provision that defines the term "committee." (Spot bill.)

Status: Introduced in Assembly

Position: None taken

AB 2689 McCarthy Political Reform Act of 1974: committees

I-02/24/2006

This bill makes technical, nonsubstantive changes to the provision that defines the term "committee." (Spot bill.)

Status: Introduced in Assembly

Position: None taken

AB 2771 Leno Political Reform Act of 1974: electronic filing I-02/24/2006

This bill would make findings and declarations of the Legislature regarding the failure of the Secretary of State to provide free online or electronic filing for entities required to file online or electronically by the Political Reform Act. The bill would delete the current limitation on the Secretary of State's ability to provide additional or enhanced functions or services for free online or electronic filing. The bill would also delay the online or electronic filing requirements for certain general purpose committees and slate mailer organizations with cumulative contributions and expenditures less than \$50,000 over 3 years until January 1, 2010, or until the first filing due more than 6 months after the Fair Political Practices Commission has certified that the free online filing processes developed by the Secretary of State are sufficiently simple to access and use.

Status: Introduced in Assembly

Position: None taken

AB 2801 Saldaña Political Reform Act of 1974: collection of fines I-02/24/2006

This Commission-sponsored bill creates an expedited procedure to obtain a judgment to collect unpaid fines imposed by the Commission.

Status: Introduced in Assembly

Position: Sponsor

AB 2902 Nunez Campaign disclosure

I-02/24/2006

This bill would require the Secretary of State to include in its report to the Legislature a discussion of the development of a method of online disclosure that is free of charge to the filers and to maintain online filings for 10 years, after which the information must be archived.

Status: Introduced in Assembly

Position: None taken

AB 2964 Levine Political Reform Act of 1974: independent expenditure I-02/24/2006

This bill would require that a late expenditure be reported within 12 hours rather than the currently required 24-hour time period.

Status: Introduced in Assembly

Position: None taken

AB 2974 Wolk Political Reform Act of 1974: lobbying communications I-02/24/2006

This bill would add to the lobbying disclosure required in quarterly reports a separate accounting of payments of over \$1,000 made to another firm or person for purposes of influencing legislative or administrative action or communicating with any elective state official, legislative official, or agency official.

Status: Introduced in Assembly

Position: None taken

AB X18 Umberg Initiatives: Ballot pamphlets

I-07/12/2005

This bill would require the cover of the ballot pamphlet for any statewide special election called by the Governor on a redistricting initiative measure to include an estimate by the Legislative Analyst's Office of the costs to the state and local governments to conduct the special election.

Status: Introduced in Assembly (First Extraordinary Session)

Position: None taken

SB 1265 Alquist Political Reform Act of 1974: income disclosure, filing I-02/09/2006

This bill would add layers of Statement of Economic Interests disclosure categories for reporting income to a business entity. The new categories range from \$10,000 to \$1 million or more. It would also require SEI filers to file online or electronically as required by the Secretary of State. The bill provides that the Secretary of State shall consult with the Commission to develop the process for online or electronic filing by July 1, 2007.

Status: Introduced in Senate

Position: None taken

SB 1354 Dunn Political Reform Act of 1974: corporate contributions I-02/17/2006

This bill would require a corporation that directly or indirectly makes political contributions or expenditures to report those contributions or expenditures to shareholders and to refund to objecting shareholders or to charity a pro rata share of those contributions or expenditures, based on the shareholders' proportionate ownership interests. It would require corporations to maintain records of the reports on these political contributions or expenditures for five years, and make them available to the Commission on request.

Status: Introduced in Senate

Position: None taken

SB 1413 Battin Political Reform Act of 1974: committees I-02/22/2006

This bill makes technical, nonsubstantive changes to the provision that defines the term "committee." (Spot bill.)

Status: Introduced in Senate

Position: None taken

SB 1459 Simitian Political Reform Act of 1974: Insurance Commissioner I-02/23/2006

This bill would enact the Insurance Commissioner Election Accountability Act of 2006, which would authorize eligible Insurance Commissioner candidates to obtain public financing from a fund made up of fees collected from insurers, reimbursements, and interest, provided that certain thresholds of public support are shown. The bill would impose responsibility for its administration on the Fair Political Practices Commission and provide specified penalties for violations of its provisions. This bill would require the Secretary of State to submit the provisions of this bill that amend the Political Reform Act to the voters for approval at the June 3, 2008, statewide primary election.

Status: Introduced in Senate

Position: None taken

SB 1579 Committee Political Reform Act of 1974: disclosures I-02/23/2006

This Commission-sponsored bill would delete an obsolete cross-reference to a section that was repealed in 2000. This bill will be amended to add the following two Commission-sponsored provisions: 1) an amendment to clarify the treatment of a reference to a repealed provision regarding officeholder accounts, and 2) an amendment to the definition of "investment" to exclude defined benefit pension plans.

Status: Introduced in Senate

Position: Sponsor

SB 1693 Murray Political Reform Act of 1974: donors

I-02/24/2006

This Commission-sponsored bill would increase the major donor reporting threshold, from \$10,000 to \$30,000. It would also increase the threshold for major donor notification from \$5,000 to \$15,000.

Status: Introduced in Senate

Position: Sponsor

SB 1757 Ortiz FPPC investigators: powers of arrest

I-02/24/2006

This bill would give Commission investigators the power to arrest when their primary duty is to enforce and investigate violations of the Political Reform Act.

Status: Introduced in Senate

Position: None taken

SB 1760 Bowen Political Reform Act of 1974: electronically filed reports I-02/24/2006

This Commission-sponsored bill would expressly authorize the Franchise Tax Board and Commission to audit electronically filed reports and statements.

Status: Introduced in Senate

Hancock

Position: None taken

AB 583

Bills Amending the Political Reform Act					
Bill No.	Author	Title	Introduced/Amended		

California Clean Money and Fair Elections Act 0f 2005 A-02/14/06

This bill would enact the California Clean Money and Fair Elections Act of 2006, which would authorize eligible candidates, as defined, to obtain public funds according to specified procedures and requirements, provided that certain thresholds are attained. It would add contribution limits that limit contributions to a candidate for statewide elective office who does not participate in Clean Money Fund funding. The bill would impose responsibility for the administration of the provisions of the bill on the Fair Political Practices Commission. It would also create the Clean Money Fund, and commencing on July 1, 2008, would transfer an amount per California resident 18 years of age or older, from the General Fund to the

Clean Money Fund for the purpose of the public financing provisions of this act. This bill would make funding for the administrative and enforcement costs of the act subject to the appropriation by the Legislature.

Status: Passed Assembly, now in Senate Elections Committee

Position: None taken

AB 709 Wolk Candidate-controlled ballot measure committees A-06/28/05

Imposes a \$5,600 limit on contributions to ballot measure committees controlled by elective state office candidates. Primarily formed ballot measure committees would be subject to the post-election fundraising restrictions in the Act. The bill aggregates contributions to multiple ballot measure committees in support of, or in opposition to, the same ballot measure that are controlled by the same state candidate. It would also require the Secretary of State to submit the bill's provisions to the voters at the November 8, 2005 election.

Status: Passed Assembly, now in Senate Elections Committee

Position: Support

AB 1558 Wolk Pilot project: financial interests in public contracts A-01/31/06

This Commission-sponsored bill would initiate a pilot project to allow the Commission to fully respond to conflict of interest advice-seeking public officials by discussing not only the law under the Commission's jurisdiction but also a related Government Code provision (section 1090) under which the official could potentially be liable.

Status: Passed Assembly, now in Senate

Position: Sponsor

AB 1759 Umberg Campaign Expenditures Disclosures

A-01/19/06

This bill would require committees other than primarily formed committees to disclose contributions or independent expenditures totaling \$5,000 or more to support or oppose the qualification or passage of a single state ballot measure within 10 business days of making the contribution or independent expenditure. The bill intends to close loophole that allows ballot measure proponents to delay disclosing their financial supporters by funding a ballot measure campaign through a general purpose committee.

The contents of this bill are almost identical to AB 938 (Umberg), which passed both houses and was vetoed by the Governor. However, AB 1759 appears to address the Governor's veto message by lowering the threshold of \$10,000 (as it appeared in AB 938) to \$5,000 as it currently reads in AB 1759.

Status: Passed Assembly, now in Senate

Position: None taken

SB 11 Bowen Contributions: voting equipment manufacturers/vendors A-06/02/05

This bill prohibits a candidate for elective state or local office from accepting any contributions from a manufacturer or vendor of voting equipment or systems. This bill also amends the Elections Code to declare that the Secretary of State cannot serve as an officer of a political party or partisan organization, or support or oppose any candidate or ballot measure.

Status: Passed Senate, now in Assembly Elections Committee

Position: Oppose unless amended

SB 145 Murray Contributions

A-03/14/05

This bill would authorize an elected state officer to accept contributions after the date of the election to the office presently held for the purpose of paying expenses associated with holding office or for any other purpose authorized by the Political Reform Act of 1974, subject to certain limitations. The bill would set limits on the amount of contributions that may be made to an elected state officer in a calendar year and on the aggregate amount of contributions that a state officer may receive in a calendar year.

Status: Passed Senate, now in Assembly Appropriations Committee

Position: Neutral

SB 784 Committee Campaign contributions and expenditures A-05/17/05

This bill extends the reporting threshold and deadline for payments for legislative, governmental, or charitable purposes made "at the behest of" an elected official from \$5,000 to \$7,000 and from 30 days to 90 days, respectively. It also specifies that such a payment made in response to a press release, interview, or other media-related communication from an elected official is not required to be reported. In addition, it adds that an elected official is required to report such a payment only if he or she knows, or has reason to know, that a payment was made at his or her behest.

Status: Passed Senate, now on Assembly Floor

Position: Neutral

SB 1120 Ortiz Fair Political Practices Commission: funding I-01/04/06

This bill would increase Commission funding to an annual appropriation of \$9,000,000. It would also specify that if a provision of the Political Reform Act is successfully challenged, any attorney's fees and costs shall be paid from the General Fund and the Commission's budget shall not be reduced accordingly. If passed, the bill would take effect on July 1, 2007.

Status: Introduced, assigned to Senate Elections Committee

Position: Sponsor

Bills Not Amending the Political Reform Act				
Bill No.	Author	Title	Introduced/Amended	

SCA 13 Ortiz Biomedical research

A-06/08/05

The California Stem Cell Research and Cures Act (Proposition 71) established the California Institute for Regenerative Sciences and the Independent Citizens Oversight Committee to perform various oversight

functions with regard to the Institute. Members of the ICOC are required to file statements of economic interest with the FPPC. This constitutional amendment would require that the president and each employee of the Institute disclose various economic interests and file with the FPPC. It further requires that a member of any working or advisory group appointed to assist the institute or its governing body disclose his or her income and investments in any entity that has sought funding from the institute or that is engaged in biomedical research.

Status: In Senate (Placed on Inactive file)

Position: None taken

SCA 17 Speier State officers: outside income

A-08/15/05

This bill would amend the California Constitution to prohibit a state officer from providing services under contract or otherwise accepting employment, other that performing the duties of his or her state office for compensation from the state, in exchange for compensation or other valuable consideration to that state officer or to any other party or entity.

Status: Introduced Position: None taken

Bills No Longer Moving ("Dead Bills")					
Bill No.	Author	Title	Introduced/Amended		

AB 16 Huff Campaign Contributions

A-01/04/06

This bill would prohibit the Governor or a member of the Legislature from being given or accepting any campaign contributions in the calendar year immediately proceeding that in which the Governor or member of the Legislature is eligible for reelection between the date of the May budget revision and the date of the enactment of the budget bill for the upcoming fiscal year.

Status: Failed in Assembly Elections Committee

Position: Oppose unless amended

AB 40 Wolk Conflict of interest: lobbying interests

I-12/6/04

This bill prohibits lobbyists who contract with an elected state officer from lobbying that officer, his or her staff or the staff of any committee the member chairs, and requires notification to the Secretary of State by lobbyists who enter into a contractual agreement with an elected state officer. AB 40 also requires that any payment conditioned on the outcome of an election be disclosed in pre-election reports.

Status: Failed in Assembly Elections Committee

Position: Oppose unless amended

AB 347 Huff Enforcement

A-01/04/06

This bill would make a 2nd and each subsequent violation of the Act a misdemeanor or felony, punishable by imprisonment in a county jail for no more than one year, or by 16 months, 2 years, or 3 years in the state prison. Current law under the PRA allows only a misdemeanor punishment.

Status: Failed to pass Assembly Elections Committee

Position: Support

AB 513 Richman Lobbyist registration: bond consultants

A-04/26/05

This bill would expand the definition of administrative action to include the selection of an underwriter for state or local bond business.

Status: Failed to pass Assembly Appropriations Committee

Position: None taken

AB 534 Montanez Disqualification and disclosure

A-08/29/05

This bill was gutted and amended on August 29, 2005, to impose a "piercing" provision in the income disclosure and disqualification provisions of the Act. Under existing law, SEI filers holding a 10% or greater interest in a business entity must report sources of income to that business entity of \$10,000 or more. This bill would require that the filer also report the name of any person paying more than \$10,000 to one of those reportable sources of income. For example, a public official who holds a 50% interest in a law firm already reports the names of clients paying his firm \$10,000 or more in a calendar year. This bill would require that this public official also report any person (including non-individuals) that the official should know is paying \$10,000 or more tone of his firm's reportable clients. In addition, the bill would make the newly reportable source of income disqualifying under section 87103.

Status: Failed to pass Assembly Appropriations Committee

Position: None taken

AB 891 DeVore Slate Mailer Organizations

A-04/13/05

Amends Act's slate mailer provisions to (1) make inclusion in a slate mailer sent by a recipient committee not at the candidate's behest a contribution to a candidate who does not pay equal consideration for the mailer; (2) require a slate mailer organization to notify the candidate of the value of the contribution; and (3) require the Commission adopt regulations providing a method for valuing slate mailer communications.

Status: Failed to pass Assembly Elections Committee

Position: None taken

SB 36 Florez 501(c)(4) issue advocacy disclosure

A-05/04/05

The Political Reform Act of 1974, as amended by Proposition 34 of the November 7, 2000, statewide general election, require a person who pays or promises to pay \$50,000 or more for an issue advocacy communication, which clearly identifies a candidate for elective state office but does not expressly advocate the election or defeat of the candidate, made within 45 days of an election, to file a specified disclosure report online or electronically with the Secretary of State within 48 hours of making or promising the payment. This bill would require a similar filing by a person who pays or promises to pay \$50,000 for a communication to 10,000 voters within the jurisdiction that the candidate is seeking office.

Status: Failed to pass Senate Position: Oppose unless amended

SB 25 Ackerman Political Reform Act of 1974

A-01/19/05

This bill creates a presumption that a contribution received in response to a written solicitation from an elective state office candidate or his or her committee is received in response to that solicitation, for that candidate or committee, or for the term of office specified in the solicitation. Also repeals two sections related to an obsolete March state primary election.

Status: Failed to pass Senate Position: Oppose unless amended

SB 54 Ackerman Political Reform Act of 1974

I-01/10/05

Substantially similar to, and rendered obsolete by, SB 25.

Status: Failed to pass Senate Position: Oppose unless amended

SB 289 Battin Conflicts of interest

I-01/31/06

"Spot" bill that adds "or her" where "his" is used in statute 87100 of the Political Reform Act.

Status: Failed to pass Senate

Position: None taken

SB 721 Chesbro Elections: ballot pamphlets

A-04/18/05

This bill would codify the requirements of existing law that, in ruling on a challenge to a ballot pamphlet copy, a court shall indulge all legitimate presumptions in favor of the propriety of the copy, and find the copy sufficient in cases where reasonable minds could differ as to the sufficiency of the copy.

Status: Failed to pass Senate Elections Committee

Position: None taken

SB 929 Kehoe California Coastal Commission: administrative actions A-06/02/05

Expands the definitions of lobbyist to include those in direct communication with California Coastal Commissioners for the purpose of influencing quasi-judicial decisions, but excludes from that definition those who communicate on only one administrative action in a calendar year. Urgency clause added on June 6^{th} .

Status: Failed to pass Senate

Position: Neutral

Bills Vetoed by the Governor					
Bill No.	Author	Title	Introduced/Amended		

AB 739 Nation Political Expenditure Disclosure

V-10/07/05

Lowers from \$50,000 to \$10,000 the reporting threshold applicable to issue advocacy communications that clearly identify a candidate for elective state office made within 45 days of an election. The bill also lowers the threshold for donor reporting from \$5,000 to \$1,000.

Status: Vetoed by Governor

Position: None taken

AB 938 Umberg Campaign expenditure disclosures

V-10/08/05

Requires electronic filers to also report expenditures totaling \$10,000 or more to support or oppose the qualification or passage of a ballot measure, and disclosing other specified information, within 10 business days of making the expenditure. The bill would require that this report also be filed in the places where the committee would be required to file campaign statements if it were formed or existing primarily to support or oppose the measure for or against which it is making the expenditure.

Status: Vetoed by Governor

Position: None taken

			Chaptered Bills
Bill No.	Author	Title	Chapter Number

AB 1129 Mountjoy Judicial Elections

Ch. 6, Statutes of 2006

This bill previously amended the PRA. As chaptered, this bill will, until January 1, 2007, require a candidate for a judicial office to file their candidate statements by the 83rd day before the election instead of by the 88th day as currently mandated. This bill takes effect immediately as an urgency statute.

AB 1234 Salinas Local Agencies: Compensation and Ethics Ch. 700, Statutes of 2005 As chaptered, this bill clarifies the rules pertaining to compensation of local government officials when they attend authorized meetings and conferences, and it requires local agencies to establish guidelines for reimbursing local officials for actual and necessary expenses incurred in the performance of official duties. Most pertinent to the Commission is that the bill requires ethics training for local government officials and selected employees of a local agency that provides such compensation or reimbursement. If a local agency develops curricula to satisfy the training requirements, the agency must consult with the Commission and the Attorney General regarding the sufficiency and accuracy of any proposed course content. Commission staff has added an item to the regulatory calendar to address the consultation

requirement.

As chaptered, this Commission-sponsored measure makes the following changes to the Political Reform Act: 1) deletes reporting provisions relating to the now-obsolete March state primary; 2) clarifies that a late contribution report or a late independent expenditure report is not required to be filed by a candidate or committee that has disclosed the late contribution or late independent expenditure pursuant to a specified electronic report; 3) extends from 30- to 45-days the period during which a candidate may leave one office and assume another without having to file a new SEI; 4) clarifies that a candidate for city treasurer is required to file a statement of economic interests with the city clerk and that a candidate for judge is required to file a statement of economic interests with the person with whom the candidate's declaration of candidacy is filed, instead of filing the statement with the clerk of the court.

SB 8 Soto Local Post-Gov. Employment Restrictions Ch. 680, Statutes of 2005 As chaptered, this bill extends to local elected officials, county chief administrative officers, city managers or administrators, and special district general managers or chief administrators the one-year post-governmental employment restrictions ("revolving door" ban) currently applicable to state public officials. It prohibits these local elected officials from lobbying the local government agency of which that official was a member for a period of one year after leaving office. It exempts from the prohibition individuals who are appearing or communicating on behalf of another local government or public agency of which the individual is a board member, officer, or employee. The provisions of SB 8 will take effect on July 1, 2006, imposing on the Commission an estimated annual cost increase of approximately \$168,000. A budget change proposal has been approved by the Department of Finance for funding and positions to implement this legislation.

ACR 1 McLeod Proposition 71: stem cell research Ch. 128, Statutes of 2005 As chaptered, this measure urges the Independent Citizen's Oversight Committee established pursuant to Proposition 71 approved by the voters at the November 2, 2004, general election, to adopt robust conflict-of-interest standards for itself and for the members of its working groups, to comply with standards set forth in provisions of law relating to open meetings of public agencies and public records, and to report to the Legislature by January 1, 2006.